Coping with Divorce



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- Studies have shown that the child experiences less conflict if the parents <u>try</u> <u>very hard to never say anything bad about the other parent</u> in front of the child.
- It is helpful to <u>assure the child that the divorce was not their fault</u> and provide an explanation that the child can understand (i.e. Mommy and Daddy just couldn't get along and argued too much.)
- 3. Parents will want to <u>frequently assure the child that both parents love</u> <u>them</u> and will always be involved in their life.
- 4. Parents find it helpful to the child to <u>discuss how the child's basic needs</u> <u>will be met</u>, giving examples for the child to better understand.
- It is not unusual for parents going through a divorce to <u>seek professional</u> <u>counseling or support groups</u>; it is a good time to get ideas from other people.
- **6.** Parents want to <u>avoid using the child as a "weapon"</u> or means of getting back at the absent parent, even if the other parent does so.
- 7. It is important to go slow when including others into family activities. Children may need to be assured that even if you or their other parents should re-marry there will always be enough love to go around and they will always be a part of the family.
- 8. Parents will want to remind the child that it is okay to feel sad.